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7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
8	FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
9	****	
10	GARY CORDOVA,) CASE NO.:
11	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES FOR VIOLATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS
12	VS.) AND FOR DAMAGES FOR) CONVERSION AND TRESPASS
13	vs.)
14	MENDOCINO COUNTY SHERIFF'S, OFFICE, COUNTY OF MENDOCINO, TIMOTHY DEL FIORENTINO, and	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
15	DOES 1-50	
16	Defendants.))
17)
18	I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>	
19	1. Within this immediate action, Plaintiff seeks damages connected to the unlawful	
20	search and seizure, and subsequent destruction of his lawful cannabis, and associated property.	
21	Plaintiff also seeks other damages resulting from the search and seizure. 2. In the instant case, law enforcement sought to enforce county regulations on	
22	Indian Country. The Adult Use of Marijuana Act allows local governments to reasonably	
23	regulate the cultivation of marijuana for personal use. Local matters in Indian Country are	
24	governed by Indian law. The activities which were occurring in the instant case, were	
25	authorized under Indian law, and as such there was no probable for the search. Officer Del	
	Fiorentino omitted from his warrant affidavit the fact that the observed activities were	
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governed by the Round Valley Tribe, and that they observed activities conformed to Tribal law. Therefore, Officer Del Fiorentino, engaged in an unlawful search and seizure of Plaintiff's property, and in doing so, seized, damaged, and destroyed Plaintiff's property, to the damage of Plaintiff.

II. GENERAL PROCEDURAL ALLEGATIONS

- 3. Plaintiff, GARY CORDOVA, is an individual and at all times relevant herein is and was a resident of the County of Mendocino, State of California and a citizen of the United States.
- 4. Defendant, COUNTY OF MENDOCINO, is a County in the State of California, and a public entity as defined by California Government Code section 811.2.
- 5. Defendant, MENDOCINO COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE, is a law enforcement agency of the COUNTY OF MENDOCINO.
- 6. Defendant, TIMOTHY DEL FIORENTINO, in his individual and official capacity, is employed by defendants MENDOCINO COUNTY, and the MENDOCINO COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE. In doing the acts as herein alleged defendant was acting within the scope of that employment, and in doing other acts as herein alleged was acting in his individual capacity, and at all times herein alleged was acting under color of law and authority, to wit, under color of statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies, customs and usages of the State of California and defendants COUNTY OF MENDOCINO, and MENDOCINO COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE.
- 7. At all times herein mentioned, Defendants Does ONE through TWENTY FIVE, inclusive, were agents of defendants COUNTY OF MENDOCINO and acting within the course and scope of such employment with permission and consent of their co-defendants, and were acting under color of law and authority as agents of COUNTY OF MENDOCINO, MENDOCINO COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE, or other California enforcement officers. Plaintiff is informed and believes that each of these fictitiously named defendants is responsible in some manner for the damages suffered by Plaintiff. The true names of these defendants are currently unknown by Plaintiff, and Plaintiff will seek leave of this Court to

amend the Complaint when such names become known.

8. The true names and capacities of defendants sued as Does TWENTY SIX through FIFTY are unknown to Plaintiff, and Plaintiff will seek leave to amend this complaint when said names and capacities become known. Plaintiff is informed and believes that each of these fictitiously named defendants is responsible in some manner for the damages suffered by Plaintiff. At all times relevant hereto, each defendant was the agent and/or employee of every other defendant, and performed some of the acts and omissions herein alleged within the course and scope of such, agency and employment.

III. JURISDICTION

9. This action arises under the Civil Rights Act of 1871 (42 U.S.C. Sections 1983 and 1988) and the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States. This Court has jurisdiction of the federal claims under 28 U.S.C. Sections 1331, 1332, 1343(3), 1343(4), 2201, and 2202. This Court has pendent jurisdiction over the state law claims.

IV. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

- 10. On, September 14, 1994, the Constitution of the Round Valley Tribes was approved by the United States Bureau of Indian Affairs, and the Round Valley Tribes became a sovereign nation. A copy of the Constitution of the Round Valley Tribes, and its supporting documents, are attached hereto and incorporated herein at Exhibit 1.
- 11. On August 1, 2013, the Round Valley Tribal Council amended the Round Valley Indian Tribes Compassionate Use Ordinance of the Round Valley Indian Tribes 2006. A copy of the Round Valley Indian Tribes Compassionate Use Ordinance is attached hereto and incorporated herein at Exhibit 2.
- 12. On, or about, April 19, 2019, Oralee Cordova inherited all rights to the property located at 78140 Crawford Road, Covelo, California 95428. A true and correct copy of probate records concerning the property are attached hereto and incorporated herein at Exhibit 3.
- 13. On, or about, June 7, 2019, property rights to the property were assigned, in part, to Gary Cordova. A true and correct copy of the United States Department of the Interior Bureau of Indian Affairs Title Status Report concerning the subject property is attached hereto

and incorporated herein at Exhibit 4.

- 14. During the month of March, 2021, all of the other parties that held an interest in the property located at 78140 Crawford Road, Covelo, gave consent to lease their interest in the property to Gary Cordova. A true and correct copy Residential Lease Forms concerning the subject property are attached hereto and incorporated herein at Exhibit 5.
- 15. Gary Cordova leased the entire Allotment No: 540-6 on, or about, July 15, 2022, entitling Gary Cordova to a possessory right to said parcel. A copy of the lease and consents are attached hereto and incorporated herein at Exhibit 6.
- 16. In summary, Gary Cordova, held a possessory right to the property located at 78140 Crawford Road, Covelo, California 95428 on June 7, 2019. He held an exclusive possessory right on July 15, 2022.
 - 17. On July 8th, 2022, a search warrant was issued for the search of:

Location #01: The property located at 78140 Crawford Road, Covelo, California 95428. The search is to include, but not limited to all outbuildings, sheds, barns, tents, plastic style greenhouses, vehicles, and travel trailers. The specific APN# associated with the property is, [032-460-33-00]. The property has the listed owner being, Lester Treppa 5/150 and Vacant 145/150 with a listed mailing address of 425 Lake Mendocino Drive in Ukiah Ca. 95482.

[The] Driving directions to the locations are as follows: From the intersection of Biggar Lane and Crawford Road in Covelo Ca. Continue north on Crawford Road for approximately 2000 feet. At this point, The paved roadway of Crawford Road turns to the left (West) and becomes Refuse Road. At the corner of Crawford Road and Refuse Road continue north off of the paved road onto a dirt road leading thought the dry creek bed. After crossing the dry creek bed, follow the red dirt road to the north for approximately 400 feet where the entrance into the marijuana cultivation site is located. The marijuana cultivation site is located at GPS coordinates [N-39.81945 W-123.26599],

A copy of the search warrant and supporting affidavit is attached hereto and incorporated herein at Exhibit 7.

- 18. APN 032-460-33-00 is seen in the Assessor's Map attached hereto and incorporated herein at Exhibit 8.
 - 19. The location of GPS coordinates [N 39.81945, W -123.26599] is seen in the

Google Earth view attached hereto and incorporated herein at Exhibit 9.

- 20. A Parcel Viewer report showing APN 032-460-33-00 is attached hereto and incorporated herein at Exhibit 10.
- 21. The aerial photograph of the property to be searched, which was attached to the warrant affidavit at Exhibit 7, is attached hereto and incorporated herein at Exhibit 11.
- 22. The aerial photograph of the property to be searched, which was attached to the warrant affidavit at Exhibit 7 shows five home sites. Each home site has a residence and each home site is clearly associated with three greenhouses within the aerial photograph. (See Exhibit 11)
- 23. On July 15, 2022, Mendocino County Sheriff's Deputies served the search warrant on the property and destroyed 113,361 cannabis plants, destroyed structures and other property. (See second page of Exhibit 7.)
- 24. At the time of the raid/search Gary Cordova owned an interest in the Crawford Ranch Property. (See Exhibit 4)
- 25. At the time of the July 15, 2022, raid/search two medical recommendations for the medical use of marijuana were posted at the gate. One was for Gary Cordova. The other was for his wife, Carolyne Cordova. A true and correct photograph of the respective medical recommendations posted on the gate is attached hereto and incorporated herein at Exhibit 12.
- 26. At the time of the July 7, 2022, observation of the cannabis cultivation, declared in the warrant, only two of the home sites were operational, with cannabis growing within the green houses. A total of six greenhouses were being used.

A. STATEMENT OF PROBABLE CAUSE WITHIN THE WARRANT

27. The affidavit provides in relevant part:

On 07/07/22, Sgt. Wyant with the Mendocino County Sheriffs Office County of Mendocino Marijuana Enforcement Team (C.O.M.M.E.T.), with the assistance of Special Agent Rowan, conducted an over flight in the area of Covelo California. During the over flight, Sgt. Wyant and Agent Rowan observed a large marijuana cultivation site located at 78140 Crawford Road. Sgt. Wyant observed no less than nine hoop style greenhouses on the property and observed green growing marijuana within at least six of the greenhouses. Sgt. Wyant estimated no less than 400 growing marijuana plants

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were observed within the hoop style greenhouses, but stated he believed there to be 1 over 1,000 marijuana plants in total on the property. 2 On 07/08/22, 1 contacted Department of Cannabis Control (DCC) Special Investigator Jaime Masuda regarding the parcel. Special Investigator Masuda confirmed the 3 property did not have a valid permit or current license through the State of California for the purpose of cultivating more than six marijuana plants. 4 5 Based on my investigation and Sgt. Wyant's observation of growing marijuana plants within the greenhouses on 07/07/22, it appears unknown subjects on the properties are 6 cultivating more than six marijuana plants in violation of section 11358(c) H&S. 7 (See Exhibit 7) 8 В. LOCAL ORDINANCE GOVERNING THE PROPERTY 9 28. The Round Valley Indian Tribes Compassionate Use Ordinance of the Round Valley Indian Tribes 2006 provides in relevant part: 10 11 Section 2 - DEFINITIONS 12 2.16 "Tribal Notification" shall mean Tribal Police Notification. 13 2.17 "Legal Home Site" shall mean persons who holds a legal lease or assignment for a 14 home, this shall not apply to persons who are interest holders, squatting with no legal lease, assignment and other related legal documentation. 15 2.18 "Indoor Grow / Greenhouse" shall mean a twenty five hundred (2500) square foot or 16 30'X80' structure used to cultivate small marijuana plants. 17 Section 3 - FINDINGS - The Council Finds that: 18 3.18 Whereas, Mendocino County's Medical Marijuana Cultivation Regulation, 19 Mendocino Cty. Code 9.31.010, et seq., is civil regulatory and land use ordinance, because Pub. L. 280 does not grant the State or Mendocino County any general civil 20 regulatory or land use power over Round Valley Indian Country, the Council finds it necessary for the Tribe to enact its own Compassionate Use Ordinance that 21 will civilly regulate medical marijuana cultivation. 22 3.19 Whereas, in particular, Mendocino County's land use restrictions for indoor or 23 outdoor cultivation of more than twenty-five (25) marijuana plants per legal parcel of land, Mendocino Cty. Code 9.31.050, is impractical in Round Valley Indian Country 24 given the assignment land parcels; the range in Indian Land parcel acreage, ranging from partial acre to in excess of seventy acres; and the fact that multiple Tribal families might 25 occupy a particular Indian Land parcel. 26 Page 6 of 17

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marijuana, nor Cal. Health & Safety Code 11358, relating to the cultivation of marijuana, shall apply to a patient, or to a patient's primary caregiver, who possesses or cultivates marijuana for the personal medical purposes of the patient upon the written or oral recommendation or approval or a physician and in compliance with this Ordinance.

- 4.6.1 Although no person may be found in violation of this Ordinance for failing to do so, it is recommended that physician recommendations and/or other supporting documentation be conspicuously posted at growing and cultivation sites, and that such documentation or a copy of the documentation be carried with the patient and caregiver at all times. Failure to post and carry such documentation may result in unnecessary legal fees and costs and/or criminal prosecution.
- 4.6.2 The Council recognizes that under Cal. Health & Safety Code 11362.5, an individual may qualify as a patient by an oral recommendation. However, a prompt and noninvasive determination of whether cultivation and/or possession is legal or illegal is best accomplished with a written recommendation. Therefore, the Council recommends that patients and caregivers obtain written recommendations. Failure to carry such documentation may result in unnecessary legal fees and costs and/or criminal prosecution.
- 4.7 It is declared to be <u>unlawful for any person owning</u>, leasing, occupying, or having charge or possession of any parcel of land within Round Valley Indian Country to cause or <u>allow such parcel of land to be used for the outdoor or indoor cultivation of marijuana plants for medical purposes in excess of <u>limitations imposed</u> within this section.</u>
- 4.7.1 The cultivation of more than twenty five (25) outdoor marijuana plants per one (1) person in possession of a lawfully issued State Pre-identification Card within Round Valley Indian Country, regardless of whether the person(s) growing the marijuana is/are a "qualified patient," "primary caregiver," or "collective," is hereby prohibited. Any qualified patient, person with an identification Card, or primary caregiver may not cultivate outdoor marijuana in excess of the amount reasonably related to the current medical needs of the patients or persons with identification cards for whom the marijuana is being cultivated, either individually or collectively, but in no case more than twenty five (25) total outdoor plants per one (1) person in possession of lawfully issued State Pre-identification Card.
- 4.7.2 The use of light assistance for the outdoor cultivation of marijuana shall be less than or equal to twenty five hundred (2,500) square feet or 30'X80' within a structure with a maximum of three (3) structures on a legal home site lease or assignment. Due to the small size of indoor plants, there shall be no limit on number of plants to be grown within each structure. Property owners may allow a maximum of two garden caretakers, with proper access to toilet facilities, to maintain the grow site if the owner(s) is/are utilizing more than one green house. Property owners shall be responsible for the actions of their caretakers.
- 4.7.5 All marijuana grown outdoors must be within a secured fence that fully encloses the

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immediate garden area. 4.7.7 Indoor cultivation of marijuana shall be less than or equal to twenty five hundred 2 (2500) square feet or 30'X80" within a structure with a maximum of three (3) structures on a legal home site lease or assignment. Note: this does not apply to interest holders or 3 squatters. Due to the small size on indoor plants, there shall he no limit on number of plants to be grown within a structure. 4 5 4.8 It is declared to be unlawful for any person within Round Valley Indian Country to possess marijuana plants or processed marijuana for medical purposes in excess of the 6 limitations imposed within this section 4.8 7 Section 5 - ENFORCEMENT OF ORDINANCE 8 5.9.3 Governmental taking without due process and compensation is generally prohibited. Therefore, if any Tribal or State officer(s) believe marijuana cultivation and/or possession 9 is pursuant to Cal. Health & Safety Code 11362.5, but that the cultivation and/or 10 possession exceeds this Ordinance, the officer(s) should only seize that amount in excess of the guidelines. Marijuana should not be destroyed or disposed of until an order from 11 the Council and/or Tribal Court is issued. 12 Section 6 - JURISDICTION/POLICE PROCEDURES 13 6.2 When a tribal member is situated on Indian Country trust land, a State officer's civil regulatory authority extends only so long as that officer does not circumvent or 14 contravene governing, tribal procedure. Because of the likelihood that State Officers will seek to enforce State marijuana laws upon persons in Round Valley Indian Country, State 15 Police Officers shall give reasonable advance tribal notification prior to entrance into 16 Round Valley Indian Country if it is reasonably likely that said entrance will result in the enforcement of State marijuana laws. 17 6.3 In order to effect any search, arrest or extradition warrant or investigation relative to 18 State marijuana laws, against any tribal member in Round Valley Indian Country, State Police Officers shall not only provide that reasonable advanced tribal notification required 19 by section 6.2, but shall also consult, communicate, and coordinate any such search, arrest, extradition, or investigation activities, with Tribal 20 Police. Should the Tribal Police elect to cooperate in the execution of any search, arrest or 21 extradition warrant or any investigation, State Police officers shall not frustrate such cooperation by any dispatched Tribal Police officer. 22 6.4 For purposes of any search, arrest or extradition warrant or investigation relative to 23 State marijuana laws, against any tribal member in Round Valley Indian Country, Tribal Police shall be allowed access to, and allowed to share with State Police officers, any 24 land records from the tribal Realty and/or enrollment department for the purpose of determining whether any person alleged to have violated State marijuana laws is a tribal 25

member, or any other relevant information. It is the Tribe's expectation that State Police

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including rights-of-way running through the reservation, (b) all dependent Indian

communities within the borders of the United States whether within the original or

subsequently acquired territory thereof, and whether within or without the limits of a state, and (c) all Indian allotments, the Indian titles to which have not been extinguished, including rights-of-way running through the same. (18 *USC* § 1151)

32. The property located at 78140 Crawford Road, Covelo, California 95428 is "Indian Country." The legal description of the property is Allotment 540-6, which is located in South 1/2 of Lot 56, of Section 25, township 23N Range 13 W, Mount Diablo Meridian. (See Exhibit 6, pg 25) The South 1/2 of Lot 56, of Section 25, township 23N Range 13 W, Mount Diablo Meridian, is APN Number 032-460-33-00. (See Exhibit 8)

D. STATEMENT OF PROBABLE CAUSE FOR THE WARRANT

- 33. The statement of probable cause within search warrant affidavit provides in part: Sgt. Wyant observed nine greenhouses on the property during an over flight on July 7, 2022. He observed a cannabis grow within six of the nine greenhouses. (See Exhibit 7)
- 34. The statement of probable cause within search warrant affidavit provides in part: Timothy H. Del Fiorentino followed up on the investigation with an online parcel search and a contact with the Department of Cannabis Control. (See Exhibit 7)
- 35. Deputy Del Fiorentino does not report any attempts to contact the Round Valley Tribal Police. (See Exhibit 7)
- 36. The statement of probable cause within search warrant affidavit provides in part: Del Fiorentino concluded "Based on [his] investigation and Sgt. Wyant's observation of growing marijuana plants within the greenhouses on 07/07/22, it appears unknown subjects on the properties are cultivating more than six marijuana plants in violation of section 11358(c) H&S."
- 37. All of the officers failed to disclose that the property was governed by the Round Valley Tribes.
- 38. All of the officers failed to disclose that the cannabis cultivation on the property was within the limits allowed by the Round Valley Tribes.

E. UNLAWFUL SEARCH AND SEIZURE

39. In the case of *Liston v. County of Riverside*, 120 F.3d 965 (9th Cir. 1997), the court discussed the standard, The court states at page 973 "Put another way, 'the showing

necessary to get to a jury in a 1983 action is the same as the showing necessary to get an evidentiary hearing under Franks.' *Id.* (citing *Snell v. Tunnell*, 920 F.2d 673, 698 (10th Cir 1990)); see also *Lombardi v. City of El Cajon*, 117 F.3d 1117 (9th Cir 1997)." See also *Liston v. County of Riverside*, 120 F.3d 965, 972 (9th Cir 1997) confirming that the standard for qualified immunity in a civil rights action is governed by the *Franks* standard - a defendant has the right to an evidentiary hearing if he makes a showing of deliberate or reckless disregard for the truth in a search warrant affidavit and additionally demonstrates that but for the dishonesty, the affidavit would not support a finding of probable cause. *Franks* 438 U.S. 154, 171-172 (1978).

i. FRANKS STANDARD.

40. Under the Fourth Amendment,

"[a] search warrant, to be valid, must be supported by an affidavit establishing probable cause." *United States v. Stanert*, 762 F.2d 775, 778 (9th Cir. 1985). In deciding an application for a search warrant, [t]he task of the issuing magistrate is simply to make a practical, common-sense decision whether, given all the circumstances set forth in the affidavit before him, including the "veracity" and "basis of knowledge" of person's supplying hearsay information, there is a fair probability that contraband or evidence of a crime will be found in a particular place.

Illinois v. Gates, 462 U.S. 213, 238 (1983).

A warrant is subject to subsequent invalidation if the affidavit contains false statements or omits material information, such that no probable cause would have been found had the false statements or omissions been taken into account. *Franks v. Delaware*, 438 U.S. 154, 155-56 (1978). "[A] defendant could challenge a facially valid affidavit by making a substantial preliminary showing that (1) the affidavit contains intentionally or recklessly false statements, and (2) the affidavit purged of its falsities would not be sufficient to support a finding of probable cause." *Stanert*, 762 F.2d at 780 (citation and quotation marks omitted). In addition to affirmative false statements, a *Franks* challenge could also be based on an allegation that the affidavit was defective due to "deliberate or reckless omissions of fact that tend to mislead."

Id. at 781.

41. The fact that the cannabis cultivation project was governed by Round Valley Tribal Ordinances, was omitted from the affidavit.

- 42. The following facts were also omitted from the search warrant affidavit:
 - 1) 78140 Crawford Road, Covelo, California 95428, is a Round Valley Tribal land, governed by the Round Valley Tribal Council.
 - 2) All cannabis cultivation on Round Valley Tribal lands is regulated by the Compassionate Use Ordinance of the Round Valley Indian Tribes.
 - 3) The State of California does not govern cannabis cultivation on Round Valley Tribal lands.
 - 4) All cannabis cultivation on Round Valley Tribal lands is lawful if it conforms to Compassionate Use Ordinance of the Round Valley Indian Tribes.
 - Valley Indian Tribes: It is declared to be unlawful for any person *owning*, leasing, occupying, *or* having charge or possession of any parcel of land within Round Valley Indian Country to cause *or* allow such parcel of land to be used for the outdoor or indoor cultivation of marijuana plants for medicinal purposes in excess of the limitations imposed within this Section 4.7.
 - 6) Under Section 4.7.7 Indoor cultivation of marijuana shall be less than or equal to twenty five hundred (2500) square feet or 30'X80" within a structure with a maximum of three (3) structures on a legal home site lease or assignment. Note: this does not apply to interest holders or squatters. Due to the small size on indoor plants, there shall he no limit on number of plants to be grown within a structure.
 - 7) 78140 Crawford Road, Covelo, California 95428, includes five Home Sites defined under section 2.17 of the Compassionate Use Ordinance of the Round Valley Indian Tribes. The five home sites are seen within the aerial photograph attached to the warrant affidavit.
 - 8) At the time of the observation of cannabis at 78140 Crawford Road, Covelo, cannabis was observed in six green houses. Three of the green houses in use were within a clearly marked home site. The other three green houses in use were within a separate clearly marked home site.
 - 9) At the time of the observation of cannabis at 78140 Crawford Road,
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Covelo, two physician's recommendations for the medical use of cannabis were posted at the gate of the property.

- There were five legal home sites seen on the property located at located at 78140. Crawford Road, Covelo. Therefore, fifteen greenhouses may be lawfully used for cultivation of cannabis under the Round Valley Compassionate Use Ordinances, with no limit to the numbers of plants that may be grown within the greenhouses.
- 11) If the number of home sites were limited to the number of physician's recommendations posted on the gate at the time of the cannabis observation, then six greenhouses may be lawfully used for cultivation of cannabis under the Round Valley Compassionate Use Ordinances, with no limit to the numbers of plants that may be grown within the greenhouses.
- 43. Had the affiant included the forgoing statements within the affidavit, the warrant would not have issued for lack of probable cause.

F. DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY

44. The search warrant included the following order:

You Are Authorized To: ventilate and alter hoop style greenhouses and any other marijuana cultivation areas, structures, and places, including to remove doors or other building materials from cultivation structures. Additionally, the use of heavy equipment (skid-steer and/or other implements) to assist in the eradication is also authorized, which can result in property damage, or the altering of the erected hoop houses/ greenhouses or other cultivation areas, structures, and/or places that house the illegal growing marijuana plants.

- 45. However, under section 5.9.3 of the Tribal Ordinance, State officer(s) should only seize that amount in excess of the guidelines. Marijuana should not be destroyed or disposed of until an order from the Council and/or Tribal Court is issued. Here, all of the cannabis was within the guidelines set forth under section 4.7.7 of the Tribal Ordinance. Therefore none of the cannabis should have been destroyed.
- 46. An order for the destruction of the cannabis from the Council and/or Tribal Court was not issued.

- 47. On, or about July 15, 2022, Defendant's served the search warrant, and destroyed approximately 113,361 cannabis plants, greenhouses, and other property.
- 48. After Defendants served the search warrant they failed to secure the property, resulting in the theft of property.
- 49. On January 11, 2023, Plaintiff submitted a NOTICE OF CLAIM AGAINST THE COUNTY OF MENDOCINO, pursuant to Government Code § 910 et seq. A true and correct copy of the government claim is attached hereto and incorporated herein at Exhibit 13.
- 50. On January 30, 2023, the County of Mendocino denied Plaintiff's government claim. A true and correct copy of the denial of claim is attached hereto and incorporated herein at Exhibit 14.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Unlawful Search and Seizure)

- 51. Plaintiff hereby incorporates the allegations contained within paragraphs 1 through 50, inclusive.
- 52. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' unlawful actions as alleged herein, Defendants deprived Plaintiff of his Fourth Amendment Right to be free from unreasonable search, unreasonable seizure.
- 53. As a further direct and proximate result of Defendants' unlawful actions, which were willful, wanton, malicious and oppressive or negligent as alleged herein, Plaintiff suffered physical, emotional and other damages entitling him to compensation under 42 U.S.C. sections 1983 and 1985 according to proof, as well as reasonable attorneys fees incurred in pursuing these claims under 42 U.S.C. Section 1988.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (CONVERSION)

54. Plaintiff hereby incorporates the allegations contained within paragraphs 1 through 53, inclusive.

- 55. On or about July 15, 2022, and at Mendocino County, California, the property described above had a value of over \$100,000.00, in an amount according to proof.
- 56. On or about July 15, 2022, defendants, each of them, seized, and took possession of the property described above from plaintiff's possession and converted the same to his/her/its possession.
- 57. As a proximate result of defendants' conversion, plaintiff suffered injuries which are the natural, reasonable, and proximate results of the conversion, all to plaintiff's damage in the sum of over \$100,000.00, in an amount according to proof.
- 58. The defendants' acts alleged above were willful, wanton, malicious, and oppressive, and justify the awarding of exemplary and punitive damages.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (Trespass to Land and Property)

- 59. Plaintiff hereby incorporates the allegations contained within paragraphs 1 through 58, inclusive.
- 60. On or about July 15, 2022, defendants, and each of them without plaintiff's consent entered the above described land of which plaintiffs is the owner and possessor, and seized possession and control of the property located therein.
- 61. On or about July 15, 2022 the property seized, and/or destroyed had a value of over \$100,000.00, in an amount according to proof. The acts of the defendants, and each of them, caused the total destruction of the personal property seized, the replacement cost of which is over \$100,000.00, in an amount according to proof.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all of the above causes of action.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for the following relief as to all causes of action:

A. A judgment awarding Plaintiff general damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact as sufficient to compensate the plaintiff for the injuries described in this complaint;

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- B. A judgment awarding Plaintiff special damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact as sufficient to compensate the plaintiff for the injuries described in this complaint;
- C. An award of punitive damages to plaintiff in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact as sufficient to punish each defendant against whom these damages are awarded and sufficient to deter similar conduct in the future by these defendants;
- D. For interest at the legal rate on the foregoing sum pursuant to Sections 3287 and 3336 of the Civil Code, from and after July 15, 2022;
- E. A judgment awarding Plaintiff reasonable attorneys fees;
- F. A judgment awarding Plaintiff his costs of suit; and
- G. Such other and further relief as the Court deems proper.

Dated: July 31, 2023

/s/ Editte Lerman------Editte Lerman Attorney for Plaintiff GARY CORDOVA